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- Introduction
- Language corpora
- Use of corpora in Speech Technology
- Annotation, Segmentation, and labeling
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There is no data like more data

• Speech and Language are extremely complex

Large amounts of data are necessary to model them

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- "The best application is the one with the largest corpus"
- 10-1000 hours of speech recordings needed
- 10^8 10^9 word text corpus needed

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A language corpus is a documented collection of coherent text, speech, video, and transcriptions and annotations of these

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- Meta data (fixed)
- Normalization (fixed)
- Data (fixed)
- Transcriptions and annotations (cumulative)
- Storage, distribution, access, and software (volatile)

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Example corpora and their sizes

- IFA Corpus: 50 thousand words (5¹/₂ hours) [Van Son(2003)]
- Spoken Dutch Corpus (CGN): 9 million words (800 hours) [NTU(2004)]
- British National Corpus (BNC): 100 million words [BNC(1997)]
- Twente journal corpus: 300 million words (Dutch) [Ordelman(2002)]
- Tilburg text corpus: 600 million words (Dutch, unpublished?)
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- 500 hours (5,650,000 words) recorded in The Netherlands
- 300 hours (3,250,000 words) in Flanders
- 4250 speakers
- 15 Styles/genres
- Field recordings with Sony Minidisk
- $\bullet~16/16$ and 8/8 kHz/bit encoding

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- 500 hours (5,650,000 words) recorded in The Netherlands
- 300 hours (3,250,000 words) in Flanders
- 4250 speakers
- 15 Styles/genres
- Field recordings with Sony Minidisk
- 16/16 and 8/8 kHz/bit encoding

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CGN:	9 million	words from 800 hours of speech
Hour	kWords	Style
225	2,626	spontaneous conversations ('face-to-face')
51	565	interviews with teachers of Dutch (VNC)
92	1,209	spontaneous telephone dialogues
64	853	spontaneous telephone dialogues
11	136	simulated business negotiations
64	790	interviews/discussions/debates (broadcast)
36	360	discussions/debates/meetings (non-broad.)
44	405	lessons recorded in the classroom
21	208	live (eg sport) commentaries (broadcast)
17	186	newsreports/reportages (broadcast)
36	368	news (broadcast)
15	146	commentaries/columns/reviews (broadcast)
2	18	ceremonious speeches/sermons
16	141	lectures/seminars
104	903	read speech (read books)

Annotations and transcriptions

- Orthographic transcription (the full 8,900,000 words)
- Manually verified POS tagging and lemmatization (all)
- Lexicon and identification of multi word units (all)
- Automatic time alignment and phonetic transcription at the word level (all)
- Manually verified broad phonetic transcription (1,000,000 words)
- Manually verified time alignment at the word level (1,000,000 words)
- Syntactic annotation (1,000,000 words)
- Two independent prosodic annotations (250,000 words)

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Phonetic, prosodic and syntactic research

- Phoneme durations
- Stress and Accent placement
- Intonation and expressive speech (emotions)
- Part-of-Speech tagging
- Prosodic and syntactic boundaries
- Phoneme assimilation (eg, word boundaries)
- Pronunciation variation
- Morphological decomposition
- Visual speech

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Text to Speech synthesis

- Produce accentuation and boundaries from text
- Produce phoneme durations from text
- Grapheme-to-phoneme conversion (lexicon)
- Chunk words into groups (punctuation)
- Decompose words into components (compound words)

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Automatic Speech Recognition

- Hidden Markov Model training
- Language model (smoothed N-grams)
- Pronunciation variation
- Tree bank training (syntactic probabilities)

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Annotation, Segmentation, and labeling: Orthography

Manual Orthographic transcription (transliteration) is used to automatically generate

- Tokens (words) \Rightarrow Word alignment
- Phonemic transcription \Rightarrow Phone alignment
- POS tags

All annotations and segmentation can be manually verified (at great cost)

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POS tags are used to automatically generate

- Lexical stress
- Syntactic structure
- Lemmas
- Prosodic structure (ToBI) \Rightarrow currently only by hand

All annotations and segmentation can be manually verified (at great cost)

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Speech corpora needed an unambiguous digital encoding of IPA symbols (now there is UNICODE)

- Language specific encodings
 - 1 character ASCII encodings + diacritics (SAMPA)
 - 2 character ASCII encodings (SWITCHBOARD)
- Complete IPA encodings
 - 2 character ASCII encoding (Worldbet [Hieronymus(1994)])
 - Control encodings (LaTeX Tipa, Praat)
- Currently, control encodings are impractical for manual labeling
- Note that mapping sounds to the IPA is not trivial

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- Language specific encodings
 - 1 character ASCII encodings + diacritics (SAMPA)
 - 2 character ASCII encodings (SWITCHBOARD)
- Complete IPA encodings
 - 2 character ASCII encoding (Worldbet [Hieronymus(1994)])
 - Control encodings (LaTeX Tipa, Praat)
- Currently, control encodings are impractical for manual labeling
- Note that mapping sounds to the IPA is not trivial

Speech recognition and synthesis

Speech Corpora, labeling and segmentation

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Phonetic symbols

Assignment Bibliography

Phonetic symbols: CGN's SAMPA encoding

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SAINTA VS. WONUBEL, eg, VOWEIS				
IPA	CGN	Wbet	Example	Word
I	1	' '	llp	lip
3	E	'E '	IEx	leg
а	А	'A '	lAt	lat
С	0	'> '	bOm	bom
Y	Y	'ux'	pYt	put
i	i	'i '	lip	liep
у	у	'у'	byr	buur
е	е	'e '	lex	leeg
θ	2	'7 '	d2k	deuk
а	а	'a '	lat	laat
0	0	'o '	bom	boom
u	u	ʻu'	buk	boek
ə	0	'& '	x@-IE+k	gelijk
εi	E+	'Ei'	wE+s	wijs
өу	9+	'8y'	h9+s	huis
วน	0+	'Ou'	kO+t	koud

SAMPA vs Worldhet eg Vowels

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Assignment

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bliography

Label and segment your utterance on the word and segment (phoneme) level

- Open sound in praat
- Create a Word tiers
- Add the (aligned) words to the tier
- Copy to a Phoneme tier
- Then add (split into) the phonemes

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Further Reading II

Speech Corpora, labeling and segmentation

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Speech recognition and synthesis

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