Interpretation of A1 and A2: NATIVE CATEGORIZATION OF CE AND CF

Interpretation of L1 transfer: initial ranking in the interlanguage:

- short CF vowels around 700 Hz are perceived as native
- short CF vowels around 700 Hz are not perceived as native

L2 perception of CF vowels:

- CE listeners use their native cue trading relations when listening to CF vowels.
- CF listeners do not use their native cue trading relations when listening to CE vowels.

Conclusions

- Native categorization is an old, phonological contrast.
- Cross-language categorization of CF and L2/ND

C. NATIVE PRODUCTION OF CE AND CF

Interpretation: The final interlanguage: initial L2 transfer of L1 lexical symbols and L1 auditory cue weighting.

- For the CE listeners:
  - short CF vowels around 700 Hz are not perceived as native
  - short CF vowels around 700 Hz are perceived as native

- For the CF listeners:
  - short CF vowels around 700 Hz are perceived as native
  - short CF vowels around 700 Hz are not perceived as native